

READING COMPREHENSION: LAWS OF THE GAME VII

Read the following questions and choose the correct answers:

- 1. A match is extended to allow a penalty kick to be taken. May the goalkeeper be replaced before the kick is taken?
 - a) No
 - b) Yes. He may be changed places with a player on the field or by a substitute, provided the permitted number of substitutions is not exceeded.
 - c) Yes, but he can be replaced only by another eligible player on the field.
- 2. a) Yes, any player can take part.
 - b) No
 - c) It is at the referee's discretion.
- 3. What decision should the referee make if two players from different teams commit two reckless simultaneous fouls?
 - a) The referee sends off both players and the play is restarted with a dropped ball.
 - b) The referee allows the play to continue.
 - c) The referee cautions both players and the play is restarted with a dropped ball.
 - d) The referee applies advantage and takes disciplinary action if necessary according to the offences when the ball is next out of play.
- 4. a) At a free kick
 - b) When the ball rebounds off an opponent.
 - c) During a penalty kick
- 5. After a goal kick is taken, the ball strikes the referee before leaving the penalty area. What decision should the referee make?
 - a) The referee orders the goal kick to be retaken.
 - b) The referee awards a dropped ball.
 - c) The referee allows the play to continue.
- 6. The referee allows the match to continue when a player is guilty of a cautionable offence. The play is stopped to award a free kick to the opponents, who want to take the free kick quickly. What decision should the referee make?
 - a) The referee should not allow the kick until he blows the whistle. A caution will be shown to the player guilty of the cautionable offence when the ball next goes out of play after the kick is taken.

- b) The referee may allow the kick to be taken quickly and the player is not cautioned later when the ball next goes out of play.
- c) The referee should not allow the kick to be taken quickly. A caution is shown to the offending player before the play is restarted.
- 7. The assistant referee indicates that the ball has gone out of play after an attacker kicked it out. After the flag signal, a defender strikes an opponent with his fist using excessive force. What decision should the referee make?
 - a) The referee sends off the defender for violent conduct and awards a penalty kick.
 - b) The ball was out of play. The referee sends off the defender for violent conduct and the play is restarted with a throw-in, a goal kick or corner kick.
 - c) The referee decides the ball was out of play, sends off the defender for serious foul play and the play is restarted with an indirect free kick.
- 8. A player takes a direct free kick outside his own penalty area. The ball rebounds off the referee, bounces back and hits the kicker again. What decision should the referee make?
 - a) To retake the free kick. The player did not deliberately touch the ball again.
 - b) To award a direct free kick to the opponents for playing the ball twice before it touched another player.
 - c) To award an indirect free kick to the opponents for the kicker playing the ball twice before it touched another player.
- 9. While the ball is in play, a player from within his own penalty area throws an object at an opponent with excessive force. The opponent is outside the penalty area. What decision should the referee make?
 - a) The player is sent off for serious foul play. The play is restarted with a direct free kick from where the object struck or would have struck the opponent.
 - b) The player is sent off for violent conduct and a penalty kick is awarded.
 - c) The player is sent off for violent conduct. The play is restarted with a direct free kick taken from the place where the object struck or would have struck the opponent.
- 10.A player leaves the field of play with the permission of the referee to be treated for an injury. A minute later, he reenters the field of play without permission and plays a ball passed by a team mate. The referee...
 - a) Stops the play, cautions the player and the match is restarted with an indirect free kick from the position of the ball at the time of the stoppage.
 - b) Lets the game continue because his exit was due to an injury.

- c) Cautions the player and awards an indirect free kick against his team from where he entered the field of play.
- d) Cautions the player and awards a dropped ball from where the ball was at the time of the interruption.