



READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following questions and choose the correct answers:

- 1. An indirect free kick is conceded to the attacking team outside the opponents' penalty area. The referee fails to raise his arm to indicate that the kick is indirect, and the ball is kicked directly into the goal. What decision should the referee take?**
 - a) He has the free kick retaken because of this mistake.
 - b) The goal is conceded.
 - c) A goal kick is conceded to the opposing team.
- 2. A player intentionally lies on the ball for an unreasonable length of time. What decision should the referee take?**
 - a) The referee cautions the player for unsporting behaviour and concedes a direct free kick.
 - b) The referee concedes an indirect free kick to the opposing team.
 - c) The referee cautions the player for unsporting behaviour and concedes an indirect free kick to the opposing team.
- 3. Is it a foul to lie on the ball for an unreasonable length of time?**
 - a) Yes, it is.
 - b) No, it isn't.
 - c) Only in official matches
- 4. If the referee, mistakenly, concedes a goal without the ball having entered the goal, how should he restart the play?**
 - a) With a dropped ball from where the ball was when the play was stopped
 - b) He allows the play to continue. The referee's decision is final.
 - c) With a dropped ball from where the referee was when the error was made
 - d) He concedes the goal and, after the match, he writes a report about what happened.
- 5. A player about to be substituted refuses to leave the field of play. What decision should the referee take?**
 - a) He cautions the player.
 - b) He talks to the captain again to encourage the player to leave the field of play quickly.
 - c) He abandons the game until the player leaves the field of play.
 - d) The play should be restarted and it continuous.

6. A defender starts holding an attacker outside the penalty area but he stops holding him just inside the penalty area. What decision should the referee take?

- a) The referee concedes a penalty kick.
- b) The referee concedes a direct free kick as the action of holding started outside the penalty area.
- c) The referee concedes an indirect free kick inside the penalty area.

7. When a corner kick is about to be taken, a player places the ball at the edge of the corner arc. Is this allowed?

- a) No, it is never allowed.
- b) No, it isn't. The ball has to be completely within the corner arc.
- c) Yes, it is allowed if at least a quarter of the ball is within the corner arc.
- d) Yes, it is allowed as long as the ball is not completely outside the corner arc.

8. In which of the following cases using the beep flag is not considered necessary?

- a) When signalling and offside
- b) In fouls (outside the referee's view)
- c) In clear throw-in decisions

9. What decision should the referee take if a player is slightly injured?

- a) The referee should stop the play, ask the player if he needs treatment and restart the play with a dropped ball.
- b) The referee should stop the play and order the player to be treated outside the field of play.
- c) The referee should allow the play to continue until the ball is out of play.

10. An indirect free kick is conceded to the opposing team if a player commits one of the following four offences:

- a) He plays in a dangerous manner.
- b) He holds an opponent.
- c) He handles the ball deliberately, except the goalkeeper inside his own penalty area.
- d)