

LAWS OF THE GAME XVIII

Read the following questions and choose the correct answer.

- 1. What decision should the referee make if a player spits at him while the ball is in play?
 - a. Send off the player and restart the play with a direct free kick to the opposing team
 - b. Send off the player and restart the play with a dropped ball
 - c. Send off the player and restart the play with an indirect free kick to the opposing team from where the ball was when the offence was committed
 - d. Send off the player and restart the play with an indirect free kick to the opposing team from where the offence was committed
- 2. After scoring a goal, can a player or his team-mate celebrate by climbing over a perimeter fence to go into the stands?
 - a. Yes, because players can celebrate a goal as long as they do not incite violence or remove their shirts.
 - b. Yes, and players can remove their shirts to celebrate.
 - c. No, the player is cautioned for unsporting behaviour.
 - d. Yes, it is a way to celebrate a goal as long as the shirt is not removed.
- 3. Can a free kick be taken at a distance of six metres from where the offence took place?
 - a. No, at a minimum of 5.5 metres
 - b. No, never
 - c. Yes, in some cases
 - d. Yes, but only if the act has occurred within the goal area.
- 4. While the ball is in play, a player from within his own penalty area throws an object at an opponent with excessive force. The opponent is outside the penalty area. What decision should the referee make?

- a. The player is sent off for serious foul play. The play is restarted with a direct free kick from where the object struck or would have struck the opponent.
- b. The player is sent off for violent conduct and a penalty kick is awarded.
- c. The player is sent off for violent conduct. The play is restarted with a direct free kick taken from the place where the object struck or would have struck the opponent.
- d. None of the previous answers is correct.
- 5. An obvious goalscoring opportunity is denied by a player who deliberately kicks his opponent. Is this situation of kicking an opponent considered serious foul play?
 - a. Yes, always
 - b. No, never
 - c. Yes, if the offence is committed using excessive force.
 - d. Only if it prevents an obvious goalscoring opportunity.
- 6. A player requests to leave the field of play. As he is walking off the field of play, the ball comes towards him and he kicks it into the opponents' goal. What decision should the referee make?
 - a. The referee disallows the goal and cautions the player for unsporting behaviour. The play is restarted with a dropped ball from the place where the offence was committed.
 - b. The referee allows the goal, as the player was on the pitch at that moment.
 - c. The referee disallows the goal and warns the player. The play is restarted with an indirect free kick to the opposing team from the place where the offence was committed.
 - d. The referee disallows the goal and cautions the player for unsporting behaviour. The play is restarted with an indirect free kick to the opposing team from the place where the offence was committed.
- 7. An opponent unfairly distracts or impedes a player taking a throw-in. What decision should the referee make?
 - a. Caution the opponent for unsporting behaviour
 - b. Allow the play to continue
 - c. Stop the player taking the throw-in, even if there is a possibility of an advantage

d. Caution the player for improper conduct

8. How many substitutes may be used by each team in a match?

- a. The rules of the competition should stipulate how many substitutes may be used, from 3 to a maximum of 5.
- b. The rules of the competition should stipulate how many substitutes may be used, from 3 to a maximum of 7.
- c. The rules of the competition should stipulate how many substitutes may be used, from 3 to a maximum of 10.
- d. The rules of the competition should stipulate how many substitutes may be used, from 3 to a maximum of 12.
- 9. The referee instructs a player to remove his jewellery. Several minutes later, he realises that he is still wearing it. What decision should the referee make?
 - a. Caution the player for not complying with his instructions. The referee instructs the player to leave the field of play to remove the jewellery.
 - b. Take no disciplinary action but instruct the player again to leave the field of play and remove his jewellery
 - c. Caution the player for unsporting behaviour. If the play was stopped to issue the caution, restart the match with an indirect free kick taken from where the ball was when the play was stopped
 - d. None of the answers is correct.
- 10. Is it possible to be penalised for an offside offence if a player receives the ball from a team-mate who passes the ball backwards?
 - a. No, because the ball is moving towards the attacker's area.
 - b. No, a player cannot be offside from a pass backwards.
 - c. Yes, if the player who tries to get the ball interferes from an offside position.
 - d. All the answers are correct.