



LAWS OF THE GAME XII

Read the following questions and choose the correct answers:

1. **Can an own goal be scored by a player who handles the ball deliberately?**
 - a. No
 - b. Yes, but only by the goalkeeper and if the Laws of the Game were not infringed.
 - c. Yes, provided the ball was in play at that time.
 - d. It is at the referee's discretion.

2. **If a team refuses to participate in a dropped ball, what decision should the referee make?**
 - a. To caution the player nearest to him
 - b. To caution the player nearest to him and restart the match with a dropped ball
 - c. To continue with the dropped ball
 - d. To put the ball in play and when the ball is out of play, caution the captain of the team that refused to participate

3. **The referee shows a yellow card for a reckless foul. This caution is his second and the player is sent off. The assistant referee who is closest advises de referee that the ball had previously gone out over the goal line. The referee...**
 - a. awards a goal kick and does not send off the player
 - b. awards a goal kick and upholds the caution, sending off the player
 - c. awards a dropped ball and upholds the caution, sending off the player
 - d. decides what action to take

4. **The assistant referee indicates that the ball has gone out of play after an attacker kicked it out. After the flag signal, a defender strikes an opponent with his fist using excessive force. What decision should the referee make?**
 - a. The referee sends off the defender for violent conduct and awards a penalty kick.
 - b. The ball was out of play. The referee sends off the defender for violent conduct and the play is restarted with a throw-in, goal kick or corner kick.
 - c. The referee decides the ball was out of play, sends off the defender for serious foul play and the play is restarted with an indirect free kick.

- d. None of the previous answers is correct.
- 5. Is the use of nets required?**
- a. Yes, the Laws of the Game clearly stipulate this. Nets must be fixed to the goal and the ground behind the goal, and must be attached appropriately, not interfering with the goalkeeper.
 - b. It depends on the type of match, whether it is official or friendly.
 - c. No, nets may be attached to the goals and the ground behind the goal, provided they are properly supported and do not interfere with the goalkeeper.
 - d. None of the answers is correct.
- 6. Which of these statements is true?**
- a. Impeding the progress of an opponent by physical contact is punished with an indirect free kick.
 - b. Handling the ball is unsporting behaviour.
 - c. Holding an opponent is not always unsporting behaviour.
 - d. Statements b. and c. are correct.
- 7. At a penalty kick, what must happen for the referee to award an indirect free kick against the kicking team when a team-mate enters the penalty area before the ball is in play?**
- a. The ball rebounds off the goalkeeper, crossbar or goalpost and stays in play.
 - b. The ball rebounds off the goalkeeper, crossbar or goalpost and is played by an opposing player.
 - c. The ball does not go into the goal.
 - d. All answers are correct.
- 8. A player is tripped but manages to pass the ball to a team-mate who is standing in an offside position. Should the referee apply the advantage?**
- a. Yes, he should apply advantage and when the team-mate receives the ball, he should be penalised for interfering with play.
 - b. No, the offence committed before the pass should be penalised.
 - c. Yes, advantage should be applied and once the pass has been completed, he should penalise the offending player for unsporting behaviour.
 - d. No, advantage should not be applied in such situations. The offending team should always be penalised with a direct free kick and the offending player cautioned for unsporting behaviour.
- 9. The referee instructs a player to remove his jewellery. Several minutes later, he realises that he is still wearing it. What decision should the referee make?**
- a. To caution the player for not complying with his instructions. The referee instructs the player to leave the field of play to remove the jewellery.

- b. To take no disciplinary action but to instruct the player again to leave the field of play and remove the jewellery.
- c. To caution the player for unsporting behaviour. If the play was stopped, to issue the caution and restart the match with an indirect free kick taken from where the ball was when the play was stopped.
- d. None of the answers is correct.

10. Which of the following tasks is not the responsibility of the assistant referee while a penalty kick is being taken?

- a. Checking that the ball has crossed the line
- b. Signalling if the goalkeeper has moved forward before the ball is kicked
- c. Confirming when a goal has been scored
- d. Signalling if the kicker has infringed the Laws of the Game