

### **GRAMMAR**

### PREPOSITIONS OF PLACE AND TIME

#### What is a preposition?

It is a function word that typically combines with a noun phrase to form a phrase which usually expresses a modification. Among the 8 parts of speech, the preposition is one of the most important parts of a sentence. In its simplest sense, the preposition can be regarded as a locator not only of place, but also of time.

We can classify prepositions in two main groups:

- 1) Prepositions of place
- 2) Prepositions of time

### 1) Prepositions of place

Preposition of place	Explanation	Example
in	• inside	<ul> <li>I watch TV in the living-room.</li> <li>I live in New York.</li> <li>Look at the picture in the book.</li> <li>She looks at herself in the mirror.</li> <li>She is in the car.</li> <li>Look at the girl in the picture.</li> <li>This is the best team in the world.</li> </ul>
at	<ul> <li>used to show an exact position or particular place</li> <li>table</li> <li>events</li> <li>place where you are to do something typical (watch a film, study, work)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I met her at the entrance, at the bus stop.</li> <li>She sat at the table.</li> <li>at a concert, at the party</li> <li>at the movies, at university, at work</li> </ul>

on	<ul> <li>attached</li> <li>next to or along the side of (river)</li> <li>used to show that something is in a position above something else and touching it</li> <li>left, right</li> <li>a floor in a house</li> <li>used for showing some methods of travelling</li> <li>television, radio</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Look at the picture on the wall.</li> <li>Cambridge is on the River Cam.</li> <li>The book is on the desk.</li> <li>A smile on his face</li> <li>The shop is on the left.</li> <li>My apartment is on the first floor.</li> <li>I love travelling on trains /on the bus / on a plane.</li> <li>My favourite program on TV, on the radio</li> </ul>
by, next to, beside, near	not far away in distance	The girl who is by / next to / beside the house
between	in or into the space which separates two places, people or objects	The town lies     halfway between Rome and     Florence.
behind	at the back (of)	I hung my coat <b>behind</b> the door.
in front of	further forward than someone or something else	She started talking to the man in front of her.
under	lower than (or covered by)     something else	The cat is under the chair.
below	lower than something else	The plane is just <b>below</b> the the cloud.
over	<ul> <li>above or higher than something else, sometimes so that one thing covers the other</li> <li>more than</li> <li>across from one side to the other</li> <li>overcoming an obstacle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>She held the umbrella over both of us.</li> <li>Most of the carpets are over \$100.</li> <li>I walked over the bridge.</li> <li>She jumped over the gate.</li> </ul>
above	higher than something else, but not directly over it	a path <b>above</b> the lake
across	<ul> <li>from one side to the other of something with clear limits/</li> </ul>	She walked across the field/road.

	getting to the other side	He sailed <b>across</b> the Atlantic.
through	from one end or side of something to the other	They walked slowly <b>through</b> the woods.
to	<ul><li>in the direction of</li><li>bed</li></ul>	<ul> <li>We went to Prague last year.</li> <li>I go to bed at ten.</li> </ul>
into	towards the inside or middle of something and about to be contained, surrounded or enclosed by it	Shall we go into the garden?
towards	in the direction of, or closer to someone or something	She stood up and walked towards him.
onto	used to show movement into or on a particular place	I slipped as I stepped <b>onto</b> the platform.
from	used to show the place where someone or something starts:	What time does the flight from Amsterdam arrive?

# 2) Prepositions of time

Preposition of time	Explanations	Example
on	<ul><li>days</li><li>weekend (American English)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Many shops don't open on Sundays.</li> <li>What did you do on the weekend?</li> </ul>
in	<ul> <li>months / seasons / year</li> <li>morning / evening / afternoon</li> <li>period of time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I visited Italy in July, in spring, in 1994</li> <li>In the evenings, I like to relax.</li> <li>This is the first cigarette I've had in three years.</li> </ul>
at	<ul> <li>night</li> <li>weekend (British English)</li> <li>used to show an exact or a particular time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It gets cold at night.</li> <li>What did you do at the weekend?</li> <li>There's a meeting at 2.30 this afternoon / at lunch time.</li> </ul>

since	from a particular time in the past until a later time, or until now	England hasn't won the World Cup in football <b>since</b> 1966.
for	used to show an amount of time	I'm just going to bed for an hour or so.
ago	back in the past; back in time from the present	The dinosaurs died out 65 million years ago.
before	at or during a time earlier than	She's always up <b>before</b> dawn.
to	used when saying the time to mean before the stated hour	It's twenty to six.
past	telling the time	five <b>past</b> ten
to	until a particular time, marking end of a period of time	It's only two weeks to Christmas.
from	used to show the time when something starts	The museum is open <b>from</b> 9.30 to 6.00 Tuesday to Sunday.
till / until	up to (the time that)	We waited till / until half past six for you.
by	not later than; at or before	She had promised to be back <b>by</b> five o'clock.

### **WORKSHEET**

## 1) Choose the right preposition of place:

- 1. At/ In/ On the picture, I can see a family at/ in/ on a kitchen.
- 2. There is a dish full of fruits at/ in/ on the worktop.
- 3. The mother is standing **in front of/ across** her son and daughter.
- 4. She is holding a vase at/ on/ in her hand.
- 5. The son and the daughter are sitting at/ on/ in the worktop smiling at/ on/ in each other.
- 6. There are beautiful cupboards at/ in/ into/ on the wall.
- 7. There is a window **behind/ under** the mother.
- 8. The woman is looking at/ on/ to her daughter.

## 2) Choose the right preposition of time:

- 1. What are you doing at/ in/ on Saturday?
- 2. I am going to the countryside at/ in/ on the weekend.
- 3. I haven't been to the countryside for/ since/ on December.
- 4. What time are you leaving?

I am leaving at/ in/ on the afternoon; maybe at/ in/ on three o'clock pm. I am coming back at/ in/ on Sunday evening. I'll catch the half to/ past seven train on/ at/ in Sunday. I'll be here by/ since/ until nine o'clock.

5. So you'll be there by/ since/ until/ for the whole weekend. I'll be missing you!