

GRAMMAR

THE PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

FORM

Have/ Has	been	Verb -ing

- Affirmative = It has been raining for hours.
- Negative = I have not been working all day.
- Interrogative = Have you been waiting for a long time? Yes, I have/ No, I haven't.

Notice!

- I have been driving = I've been driving
- I have not been driving = I haven't been driving
- <u>He has</u> been sleeping = <u>He's</u> been sleeping
- He has not been sleeping = He hasn't been sleeping

USAGE



- 1) We use the present perfect continuous when we want to focus on the <u>present</u> result of an action which is unfinished and still in <u>progress</u>.
- It has been raining for hours.
- They have been watching TV for the last three hours.
- She has been studying at that school for two years.
- What have you been doing for the last 20 minutes?
- 2) It is also used without indication of duration. This use indicates <u>an action that</u> <u>has occurred lately or recently.</u>
- I have been feeling really tired recently.
- She has been smoking too much lately.

BE CAREFUL!

Present perfect continuous, present perfect simple and past simple

- With the present perfect continuous, we focus on the present result of an unfinished action:
- She has been chatting during the whole meeting. (She is still chatting.)
- With the **present perfect simple**, we focus on the present result of a <u>finished action</u>:
- I have just eaten. (I have finished eating.)
- With the past simple, we express a completed action that happened at a specific time in the past.
- I paid for the tickets two days ago. (The tickets are already paid.)

WORKSHEET	
1) Write sentences in present perfect simpl	е.
1. They / play / football:	
2. He / speak / English:	
3. I / write / a poem:	
4. We / not / wash / the car :	
5. Nancy / not / meet / her friends:	
2) Write questions in present perfect simple	е.
1. They / finish / their homework:	
2. She / visit / her friend:	
3. The maid / clean / the house:	
4. He / drive / the van:	
5. You / ever / write / a poem:	
3) Put the verbs into the correct form (pres	ent perfect simple or past simple). Pay
attention to the time expressions!	
1. I (not/ work)	today.
2. We (buy)	. a new car last week.
3. We (not / plan)	our holiday yet.
4. She (not/ see)	her mother for a long time.
5. He (write)	. a beautiful poem yesterday.

4) P	ut tl	ne verb	s into	the cor	rect for	m (pre	sent p	erfec	t simpl	e or c	ontinuou	s).
1.	1	think	the	waiter	(forge	∋t)				u	s. We	(wait)
				he	re for	over	half	an	hour	and	nobody	(take)
our order yet.												
2. I	thinl	k you're	right.	He (wal	k)				by ι	ıs at le	east 20 tin	nes. He
prob	ably	thinks	we (or	der/ alre	ady)							